

Appendix I

Violations of UPR Recommendations 4, 41 and 42 regarding Torture

I.1 On February 23, 2014, Kurdish death row prisoner Loghman Moradi was transferred to hospital with internal bleeding after being severely beaten by agents at Rajaei Shahr Prison in Karaj, according to the father of a fellow inmate who stated in an interview with ICHRI that he had received this information directly from sources inside the prison.

<http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2014/02/loghman-moradi/>

I.2 Loghman Moradi, as well as fellow Kurdish prisoner Zanyar Moradi (unrelated to Loghman), documented in detailed letters and audio files in September 2013 (and during 2012 as well) their claims of severe psychological and physical torture during three years of imprisonment, and their forced confessions elicited under torture.

<http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/10/zanyar-loghman-moradi/>

I.3 The blogger Sattar Beheshti (age 35) was killed in a police detention center on November 3, 2012, days after he was arrested and taken into custody on October 30, 2012. According to Iran's own Medical Examiner's report, which was seen by the family and lawyer of Beheshti for the first time in October 2013 (roughly a year after the report had been sent to the Criminal Court, when the family was given permission by the Court to photocopy it), Beheshti died from internal hemorrhaging of the lungs, liver, brain and kidneys. These are injuries that could only be consistent with blows he sustained during interrogations by the prison officials.

The family of Beheshti also reported clear sign of severe beatings on his body, seen just before burial. <http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/11/sattar-beheshti-2/>

I.4 The Kurdish political prisoner Habibollah Golparipour, who was executed on October 26, 2013, alleged months of physical and psychological torture (documented in a letter he wrote a few weeks prior to his execution, and in earlier audio recordings, in which he states his arm and leg were broken, his body was whipped and beaten, he was burned, and he received electric shocks on his genitals). He was executed with no investigation into his claims of torture.

<http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/10/golparipour-audio/>

I.5 On August 7, 2013, the JARAS website (source: <http://www.rahesabz.net/story/73998/>) published a note by Farshid Fathi, an imprisoned Christian pastor who is currently serving a six-year prison sentence inside Evin Prison, in which he detailed his torture, degradation and threats whilst in solitary confinement inside the detention center. His wife has previously repeatedly reported that Fathi was tortured by the authorities in prison.

http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/08/christian_arrests/

I.6 Arash Sadeghi, who has been imprisoned since January 2012 (after several previous periods of imprisonment), was severely tortured by Intelligence officers during his December 2010-December 2011 imprisonment and forced to sign a false confession, according to a former cell mate and other highly credible sources, suffering a dislocated shoulder, broken rib, broken

teeth and other injuries. <http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/09/arash-sadeghi/>

I.7 In July 2013, ICHRI received a letter in which four Ahvazi men imprisoned and on death row (Ghazi Abbasi, Abdolreza Amir Khanafareh, Abdolamir Majdami, and Jassem Moghaddam) detailed their torture by prison officials and their forced confessions.

http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/07/ahvazi_execution/

I.8 In June 2013, the following Sunni prisoners at Rajaei Shahr Prison (Mohammad Baraei; Namegh Deldel; Adel Gholami; Osman Radbai; Moaz Hakimi; Jamal Soleimani; and Pourya Mohammadi) were tortured by agents from the Ministry of Intelligence and forced to make videotaped false confessions, according to a credible source interviewed by ICHRI.

http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/06/sunni_rajaei_shahr-2/

I.9 The wife of imprisoned political activist and academic Saeed Madani reported that Madani was tortured during the first few months after his arrest in January 2012, and subjected to 15-hour interrogation sessions aimed at forcing him to make false confessions.

http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/06/saeed_madani/

I.10 The labor activist Mansour Osanloo reported that his brother, Afshin Osanloo, who had been imprisoned at Rajaei Shahr Prison, was severely tortured while at Evin Prison's Ward 7 in order to extract confessions. Afshin died in prison on June 20, 2013. Prison officials stated the cause of death was a heart attack, yet the family stated that he had been in good health with no previous heart condition. http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/06/osanloo_death/

I.11 In a June 2013 ICHRI interview, a former inmate of Rajaei Shahr Prison in Karaj stated that 20 Sunni Prisoners on death row at the prison were tortured and forced to make videotaped false confessions. They were beaten, forced to sleep on the floor, and placed for long periods in solitary confinement. (The prisoners are: Edris Nemati, Taleb Maleki, Behrouz Shahnamaki, Bahman Rahimi, Mokhtar Rahimi, Yavar Rahimi, Shahram Rahmati, Keyvan Rahimi, Omid Peyvand, Mohammad Zarrini, Pourya Mohammad, Varia Ghaderi, Kaveh Veisi, Kaveh Sharifi, Farzad Shahnazari, Kamal Mollaei, Hamed Ahmadi, Hadi Hosseini, Seddigh Mohammadi, and Jamshid Dehghani.) http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/06/sunni_rajaei_shahr/

I.12 According to an April 2013 ICHRI interview with the wife of imprisoned Christian convert and pastor Saeed Abedini, Abedini was severely beaten while in prison in September 2012, and in March 2013, he was beaten again, and taken to hospital where she stated that prison doctors confirmed his need for hospitalization due to internal bleeding.

http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/04/saeed_abedini/

I.13 Kurdish political prisoners Ali Ahmad Soleiman, Ahmad Tamouee, Yousef Kakeh Meimi, Jahangir Badouzadeh, and Mostafa Ali Ahmad were transferred to Orumiyyeh Intelligence Office Detention Center on October 11, 2012, and subjected to psychological and physical torture inside solitary cells before they were all transferred to Orumiyyeh Central Prison, according to

local credible sources. http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/04/soleiman_qisas/

I.14 March 28, 2013) Six Arab-Iranian prisoners (Mohammad Ali Amouri; Hadi Rashedi; Hashem Shabani Nejad; Jaber Alboshokeh; Mokhtar Alboshokeh; and Rahman Asakereh) were tortured inside the Intelligence Detention Center in Ahvaz. Rashedi's pelvic bone was broken, and Jaber's Alboshokeh's jaw and teeth were broken, according to a family member of two of the prisoners interviewed by ICHRI. http://www.iranhumanrights.org/2013/03/arab_execution/